

1. Isaiah was a prophet during the reign of which kings? (**Isa. 1**)

2. List the verse that has the phrase *“From the sole of the foot even to the head there is no soundness in it ...”*? (**Isa. 1**)
 - a. Describe the character of the people prior to this phrase.

3. Which verse mentions a remnant and why is this important? (**Isa. 1**)

4. How were their sacrifices, feasts and prayers viewed by God? (**Isa. 1**)

5. Describe the lessons to be learned from **Isaiah 1:16-20**.

6. Where does it state, *“I will turn My hand against you, And thoroughly purge away your dross, And take away all your alloy.”* (**Isa. 1**)
 - a. Who is being spoken of?

7. How might you use Acts 2:16-17, Acts 3:18-26, Hebrews 1:1-2 and Luke 24:47 as it relates to **Isaiah 2:2-4**?

8. List the verse that states, *“For Jerusalem stumbled, and Judah is fallen”*. (**Isa. 3**)
 - a. According to the text, what was the reason for their fall?

9. Where does it speak about the branch of the Lord? **Isa. 4**

a. What do we learn about “branch” from **Isa. 11:1-2, Jer. 23:5-6, Zech. 6:12-13**?

10. What is the lesson being brought forth about God’s illustration of the vineyard? **Isa. 5**

11. Comment on each **“Woe”** as listed in the N. K. J. V.

a. **Isa. 5:8**

b. **Isa. 5:11**

c. **Isa. 5:18**

d. **Isa. 5:20**

f. **Isa. 5:21**

g. **Isa. 5:22**

h. **Isa. 5:23** (This verse does not begin with the “woe” in other bible versions.)

12. Where does it state, **“Here am I, send me”** (**Isa. 6**)

a. Who is speaking?

b. Describe the circumstances that led to this statement.

13. Who was Ahaz and what was Isaiah to tell him? (**Isa. 7**)
14. List the verse that states, “... *Behold a virgin shall conceive and bear a Son, and shall call His name Immanuel*” (**Isa. 7**)
- Who is being spoken of?
 - List the verse in **Matthew 1** that uses this verse (**Isa. 7**).
 - What does “*Immanuel*” mean?
 - List the verses in Luke 1 which give additional details to this verse (**Isa. 7**).
15. List the scripture in **Romans 9** and **1st Peter 2** that is identified with **Isaiah 8:14**.
- What is the lesson being taught by **Isaiah 8:14**?
16. Describe the lessons we learn about **Jesus** from **Isaiah 9:6-7**.
17. What do we learn about Assyria from **Isaiah 10**?
18. Describe the characteristics of “**Branch**” as revealed in **Isaiah 11:2-5**.
- List other verses that speak of “Branch”. * See question for Isaiah chapter 4.

19. List the verse that speaks of the “*Root of Jesse*” and what is said about the gentiles at this time? (**Isa. 11**)

20. How might you summarize [Isaiah chapter 12](#)?

21. Who would be stirred up against the Babylonians? (**Isa. 13**)

22. Briefly explain how the cities of Sodom and Gomorrah are used [in Isaiah 13](#).

23. List the verse that states, “*How you are fallen from heaven, O Lucifer, son of the morning! How you are cut down to the ground, You who weakened the nations!*” ([Isaiah 14](#) --- N.K.J. version)

E.S.V. = “How you are fallen from heaven, O Day Star, son of Dawn! . . .”

N.A.S. = “How you have fallen from heaven, O star of the morning, son of the dawn! . . .”

N.I.V. = “How you have fallen from heaven, O morning star, son of the dawn! . . .”

a. As you keep this verse in its context, who is being spoken of?

24. What burden came in the year that King Ahaz died? (**Isa 14**)

25. Where does it speak of the pride of Moab? (**Isa 16**)

26. Where does it state, “*Because you have forgotten the God of your salvation, and have not been mindful of the Rock of your stronghold . . .*” (**Isa. 17**)

a. What are the results of such?

27. Who is being addressed by the question “*Where are your wise men*”? (**Isa. 19**)

28. What is stated about Babylon in [Isaiah 21](#)?
29. Why would Isaiah weep bitterly? ([Isa. 22](#))
30. When the Lord called for weeping and mourning what did the people do? ([Isa. 22](#))
31. What is said about Eliakim? ([Isa 22](#))
32. What happens to Tyre? ([Isa. 23](#))
33. List the verse in [Isaiah 25](#) that describes the Lord as: a strength, a refuge and a shade.
34. Who will be trampled down? ([Isa. 25](#))
35. How is one able to be kept in perfect peace? ([Isa. 26](#))
36. **1st Peter 2:6** can be identified with which passage in [Isaiah 28](#)?
37. **Matthew 15:8-9** and **Mark 7:6-7** can be identified with which passage in [Isaiah 29](#)?
38. What warning is given following the phrase, *“Woe to the rebellious children”* ([Isa. 30](#))
39. List the verse that contains the phrase *“Because you despise this word, and trust in oppression and perversity”* and explain the circumstances that surround this phrase ([Isa. 30](#))
40. Who is being spoken of in the phrase *“Both he who helps will fall, and he who is helped will fall down: they all will perish together.”* ([Isa 31](#))

41. List the verses where they are instructed to return unto God and throw away their idols. (**Isa. 31**)
42. What do we learn about the foolish person, the schemer and the women at ease? (**Isa. 32**)
43. (N.K.J.V.) “_____ and _____ *will be the stability of your times, and the strength of salvation; the _____ of the Lord is His _____.*” (**Isa. 33**)
44. Who will dwell on high? (**Isa. 33**)
45. In what year of King Hezekiah did the king of Assyria come up against the fortified cities of Judah? (**Isa. 36**)
46. What was the message that the Rabshakeh (N.I.V. field commander) gave to Eliakim, Shebna and Joah? (**Isa. 36**)
47. Why did Eliakim, Shebna and Joah request that the Rabshakeh speak in Aramaic and how did he respond? (**Isa. 36**)
48. How did Eliakim, Shebna and Joah approach Hezekiah? (**Isa. 36**)
49. Who did Hezekiah send to Isaiah and what message did they bring to Isaiah? (**Isa. 37**)
50. How did Isaiah respond to the messengers sent from Hezekiah? (**Isa. 37**)

51. What was in the letter that Hezekiah received from the messengers of the king of Assyria? (**Isa. 37**)
52. What can we learn from Hezekiah's prayer? (**Isa. 37**)
53. Give a summary of Isaiah's message to Hezekiah from the Lord concerning the king of Assyria? (**Isa. 37**)
54. How did Sennacherib die? (**Isa. 37**)
55. Describe Hezekiah's reaction to Isaiah's statement, "*Set your house in order, for you shall die and not live.*" (**Isa. 38**)
56. Who was Hezekiah pleased with, and how did Isaiah react to Hezekiah's actions? (**Isa. 39**)
57. **Matthew 3:3, Mark 1:2-3, Luke 3:4-6 & John 1:23** can be identified with which verse in **Isaiah 40**?
- a. Who is being spoken of by the phrase, "*The voice of one crying in the wilderness*"?
58. **1st Peter 1:24-25** can be identified with which verses in **Isaiah 40**?
59. What do we learn about our God in **Isaiah 40:12-14**?
60. Which verses would you use that clearly teach that God is over all nations? (**Isa. 40**)

61. List the verse that includes the phrase, *“His understanding is unsearchable”* and who is being spoken of? (**Isa. 40**)
62. What is said about those who wait on the Lord? (**Isa. 40**)
63. Describe some lessons to be learned from [Isaiah 41:10](#).
64. Who is the **“him”** in the phrase, *“Therefore He has poured on him the fury of His anger”*? (**Isa. 42**)
 - a. Why did God bring forth this punishment?
 - b. How did those punished respond?
65. Where does it state, *“You are my witnesses”*? (**Isa. 43**)
 - a. Who is speaking?
 - b. Who is being spoken to?
66. What **conduct** burdened and wearied God? (**Isa. 43**)
67. Describe some lessons to be learned about false gods as revealed in [Isaiah 44:9-20](#).
68. Who is described as the Lord’s anointed? (**Isa. 45**)
69. List two verses that contain the phrase *“Woe to him”*. (**Isa. 45**)
70. What can be learned from [Isaiah45:18-19](#)?
71. The phrase *“every knee shall bow to Me”* in Romans 14:11 can be identified with which verse in [Isaiah 45](#)?

72. List the verse where God asks the question, *“To whom will you liken Me, and make Me equal And compare Me, that we should be alike?”* (Isa. 46)

a. How does God respond to His own question?

73. What was the attitude of those who were far from righteousness? (Isa. 46)

74. Who is being spoken of by the statement, *“. . . Your wisdom and your knowledge have warped you; And you have said in your heart, 'I am, and there is no one else besides me.'"* (Isa. 47)

a. What would happen to those spoken of in the previous statement?

75. Where does it state, *“Oh, that you had heeded My commandments!”* and what is being taught as one considers the context wherein this statement is made? (Isa 48)

76. Who has no peace? (Isa. 48)

77. 2nd Corinthians 6:2 can be identified with which verse in Isaiah chapter 49?

78. List 4 questions that are asked in Isaiah 50:2.

79. Describe the characteristics of the one serving the Lord in Isaiah 50:4-10.

80. List the 3 verses that begin with *“Listen to Me”* (N.K.J.V.) and describe what is being taught by each. (Isa. 51)

81. [John 12:38](#) and [Romans 10:16](#) Corresponds to which verse in [Isaiah 53](#)?
82. List the verse in [Isaiah 52](#) that corresponds to [Romans 10:15](#).
83. How are the physical characteristics of Jesus described in [Isaiah 53](#)?
84. List the verses in [1st Peter 2](#) that reflect the teaching of [Isaiah 53](#).
85. [Luke 23:33](#) and [Matthew 27:57-60](#) would correspond to which verse in [Isaiah 53](#)?
86. List the correct verse for the following phrases. ([Isa 53](#))
- a. “He was wounded for our transgressions” = _____
 - b. “And the Lord has laid on Him the iniquity of us all” = _____
 - c. “By His knowledge My righteous Servant shall justify many” _____
 - d. “And He bore the sin of many, and made intercession for the transgressors”

87. What are the wicked and unrighteous instructed to do? ([Isa. 55](#))
88. Where does it state, *“So shall My word be that goes forth from My mouth; It shall not return to Me void, But it shall accomplish what I please, And it shall prosper in the thing for which I sent it.”* ([Isa. 55](#))
- a. Explain what we can learn from this verse.
89. How are “His watchmen” defined? ([Isa. 56](#))

90. Where does it state, *“I will declare your righteousness and your works, for they will not profit you.”* (Isa. 57)

a. Who is being spoken to and what would be their consequences?

91. Describe the characteristics needed to dwell with the High and Lofty One who inhabits eternity, and whose name is Holy. (Isa. 57)

92. In what way are the wicked described? (Isa. 57)

93. Describe the instruction given to Isaiah concerning the message he was to proclaim to God’s people. (Isa. 58)

94. What corrections were to be made concerning their observance of the Sabbath? (Isa 58)

95. What separated the people from God and what important lesson can we learn from this? (Isa. 59)

96. Summarize how Isaiah describes the results of their transgressions [in Isaiah 59:9-15](#).

97. List the verse that shows God would repay according to their deeds. (Isa. 59)

98. **Luke 4:18-19** corresponds to which verses in **Isaiah 61**?

- a. When Jesus closed the book from reading the verses in Isaiah, what did He say?

99. What were the watchmen to do? (**Isa. 62**)

100. When you see the phrase *“Then he remembered the days of old,”* what is brought up? (**Isa. 63**)

101. List the verse containing the phrase, *“We are the clay, and You our potter; and all we are the work of Your hand.”* (**Isa. 64**)

- a. What were the circumstances that surround this phrase?

102. **Romans 10:20-21** corresponds to which verses in **Isaiah 65** and what lessons can we learn from this?

103. Who is being spoken of by the statement, *“Therefore I will number you for the sword, and you shall all bow down to the slaughter”*. (**Isa. 65**)

104. How would our Lord’s parable of the tax collector and the Pharisee in **Luke 18:9-14** serve to illustrate **Isaiah 66:2**?

105. List **4 lessons** you will choose to remember about your study of Isaiah and briefly **give a reason for each** of your choices.